# Biometric cryptography: a solution to protect privacy?

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#### **Biometrics: what for?**

- Main goal of biometrics: Protect your Identity
  - Check that you are:

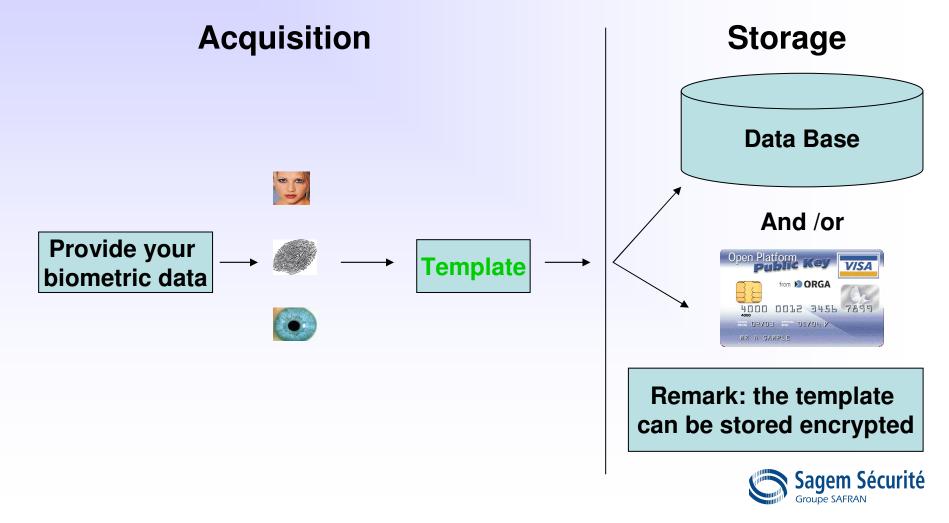
. . . . . . .

- The true owner of this passport
- The true owner of this credit card
- The person authorised to enter this building /door
- Detect that nobody is trying to steal your identity



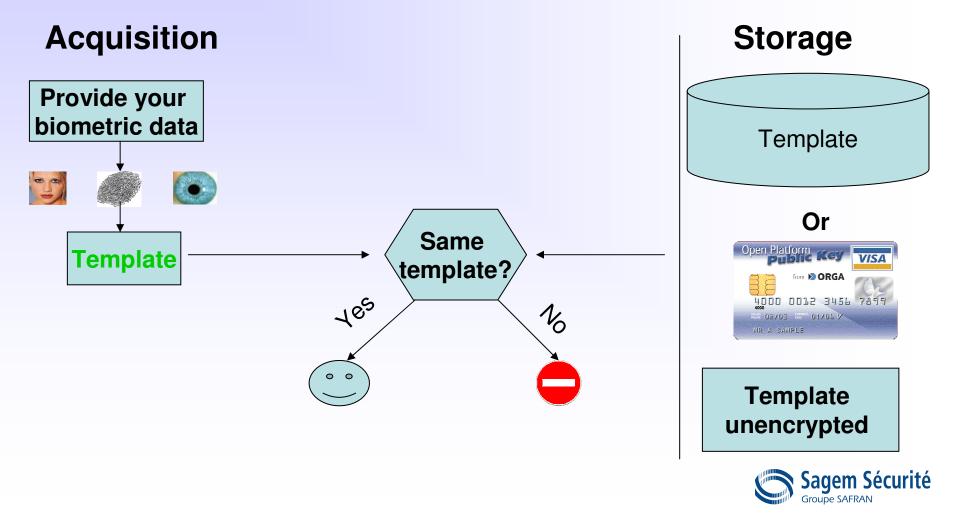
#### How does it work?

#### Enrolment (only once per application)



### How does it work?

• Authentication (each time you want to use it)



# Can we improve privacy protection?

- Fake biometrics
  - The issue
    - If I have got your picture, a trace of your fingerprint, can I fake the system?
  - The answer:
    - Better technology to detect that it is faked data
      - Real person in front of a camera, not a picture
      - The fingerprint comes from a live finger (not a faked one)
      - The iris is live, and does not come from a lens
      - Combination of several modalities
    - Human supervision

. . . . . . .



## Can we improve privacy protection?

- Unforeseen use (Function creep)
  - If somebody gets access to the template from my stolen biometric passport, can he/she use it to access my bank account or my medical file, or....?
- Is this possible?
  - Not so easy!
    - In sensitive applications, templates are encrypted.
      - They must be cracked
    - A direct access inside the targeted system is then needed
  - But an improved protection would be useful in the future, for very large deployment



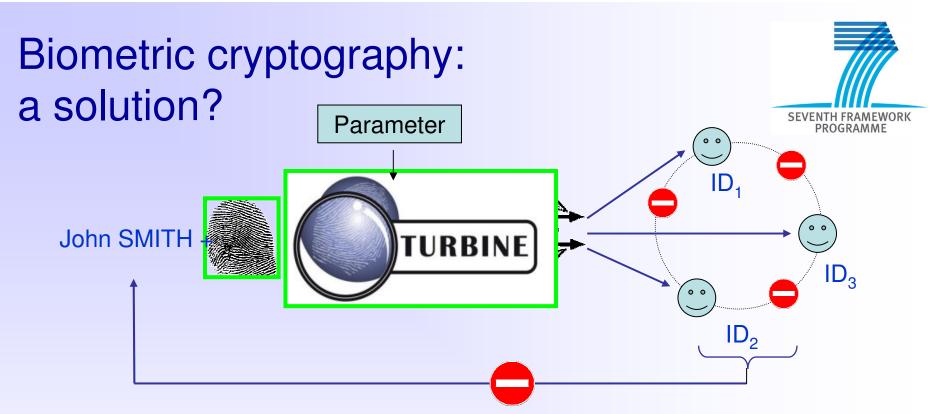
# The approach to improve privacy protection

Europe is a pioneer in data protection regulation
– Regulation in place in member states

#### • The "privacy by design" approach

- Enabling multiple identities for one unique individual
  - ID card
  - e-government
  - e-commerce
  - Social networks
- Allowing an identity to be repudiated (revocable)





#### To transform fingerprint

- 1. into "pseudo-identity"
  - Parameters create independent identities: ID<sub>1</sub>, ID<sub>2</sub>, ... ID<sub>n</sub>
  - No possibility to link different "pseudo-identities"
- 2. without reverse-engineering capability

→ Revocation of pseudo-identity is possible!



# Europe leading research in privacy protection

- Several collaborative research projects funded by the European Commission. The key ones:
  - 3D Face, for facial data
  - TURBINE, for fingerprint data
- Results
  - They are promising
  - Still a couple of years to market large scale solutions



# Thank you for your attention

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